

embark
for Belgians

Celebration of Belgians

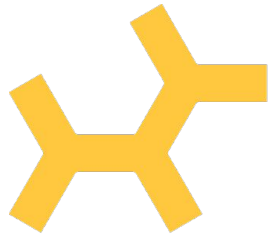
April 12th & 13th, 2018

Erin Chu, DVM, PhD | Senior Veterinary Geneticist
Embark Veterinary, Inc. | chue@embarkvet.com

Talk Outline

- Introduction to Embark
- Breeding decisions in the age of personalized genomics
- Preliminary Belgian data: Traits, Health, and Inbreeding
- Embark Discovery: Endless potential
- Example partnership: Doberman Diversity Project





embark

Whos and whats

Embark | Whos and whats

- Founded in 2015 by Adam and Ryan Boyko
- Comprehensive, direct-to-consumer dog DNA testing service
- A high density DNA microarray (“SNP chip”) that queries 200,000+ sites
- Immediate and actionable health, trait, and ancestry information
- Unprecedented potential for future discovery`
- Research partners with the Cornell University College of Veterinary Medicine



Embark | Whos and whats

- Single cheek swab
- Ancestry: Paternal and Maternal Lineage, Breed Diversity
- Health: 160+ mutations associated with disease*
- Traits: K Locus, A Locus, E Locus, Coat Length, Curl, Shedding, etc...
- Genetic Coefficient of Inbreeding
- DLA Diversity



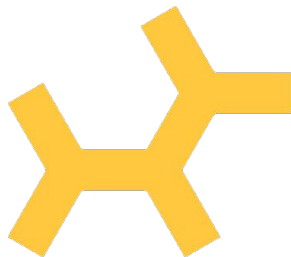
Embark | Whos and whats



Genetic structure in village dogs reveals a Central Asian domestication origin



Laura M. Shannon, Ryan H. Boyko, Marta Castelhana, Elizabeth Corey, Jessica J. Hayward, Corin McLean, Michelle E. White, Mounir Abi Said, Baddley A. Anita, Nono Ikombe Bondjengo, Jorge Calero, Ana Galov, Marius Hedimbi, Bulu Imam, Rajashree Khalap, Douglas Lally, Andrew Masta, Kyle C. Oliveira, Lucía Pérez, Julia Randall, Nguyen Minh Tam, Francisco J. Trujillo-Cornejo, Carlos Valeriano, Nathan B. Sutter, Rory J. Todhunter, Carlos D. Bustamante and Adam R. Boyko



Embark | Who we are

The Embark team is diverse, experienced, and full of energy, with branches all over the United States.



Genetic Testing | Direct to consumer options

Canine



VetGen
services



INSTITUTE OF
CANINE BIOLOGY



embark

Human



INVITAE



Quest
Diagnostics®



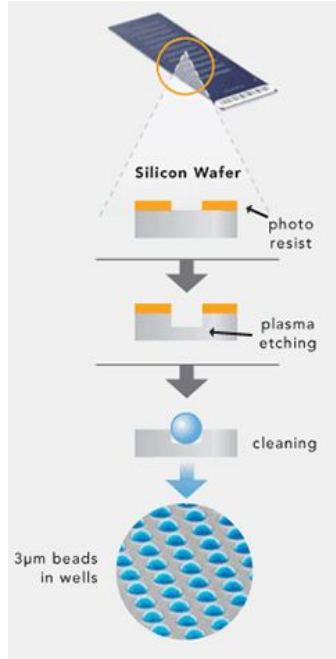
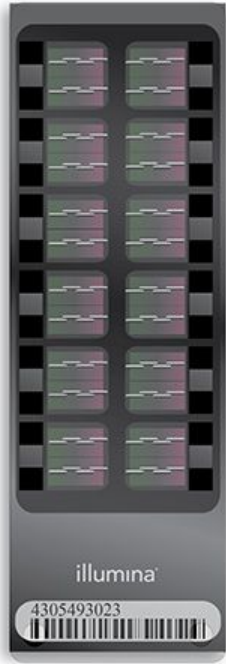
23andMe



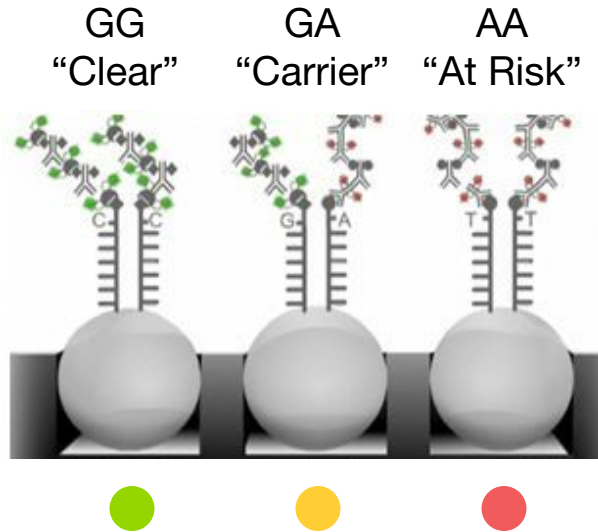
*Single Mutation or Limited
Array Testing*

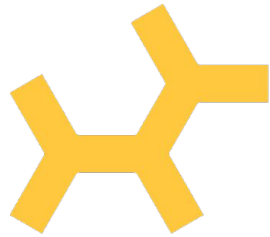
*Big Data +
Research-Grade Platform*

Embark | What we do



Type I vWD (example)





embark

Breeding decisions in the age of
personalized genomics

Embark | Whos and whats

- Single cheek swab
- Ancestry: Paternal and Maternal Lineage, Breed Diversity
- Health: 160+ mutations associated with disease*
- Traits: K Locus, A Locus, E Locus, Coat Length, Curl, Shedding, etc...
- Genetic Coefficient of Inbreeding
- DLA Diversity



Genetic Results | How do we interpret health testing?

Type I von Willebrand Disease causes abnormally low levels of von Willebrand Factor, which is exposed when small blood vessels are damaged.

Genetic Results | How do we interpret health testing?

Type I von Willebrand Disease causes abnormally low levels of von Willebrand Factor, which is exposed when small blood vessels are damaged.

- **MOI: Autosomal Recessive**

- GG = “Clear,” likely to have normal vWF levels
- GA = “Carrier,” likely to have normal vWF levels
- AA = “At Risk,” likely to have below-normal levels of von Willebrand Factor

Genetic Results | How do we interpret health testing?

Type I von Willebrand Disease causes abnormally low levels of von Willebrand Factor, which is exposed when small blood vessels are damaged.

- **MOI: Autosomal Recessive**

- GG = “Clear,” likely to have normal vWF levels
- GA = “Carrier,” likely to have normal vWF levels
- AA = “At Risk,” likely to have below-normal levels of von Willebrand Factor

- **Interpretation → Risk does not guarantee clinical status**

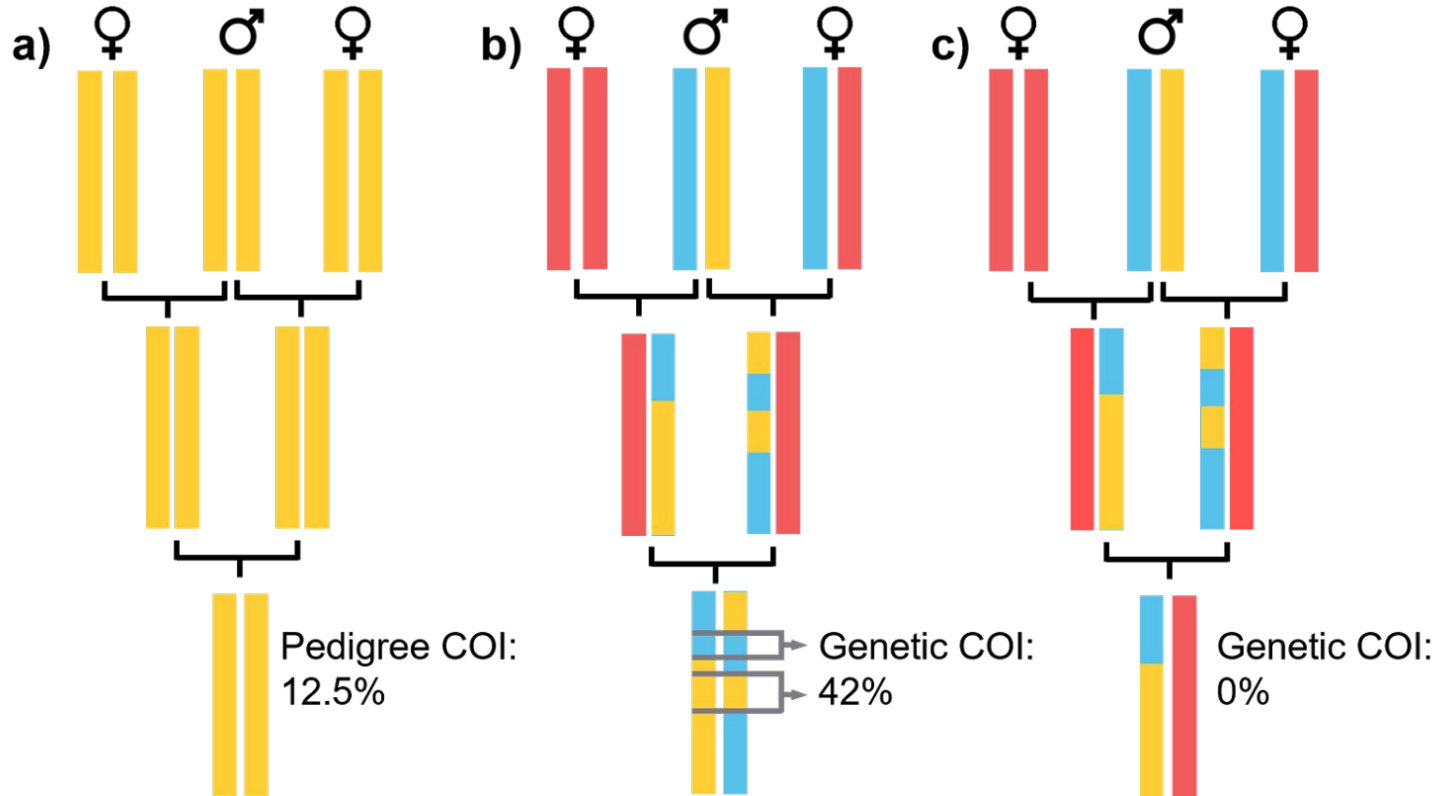
- Point of care: vWF ELISA or BMBT
- Since the vWF that *is* present is totally normal in composition, many dogs show zero clinical signs during short or routine clinical procedures

Genetic Results | How do we interpret health testing?

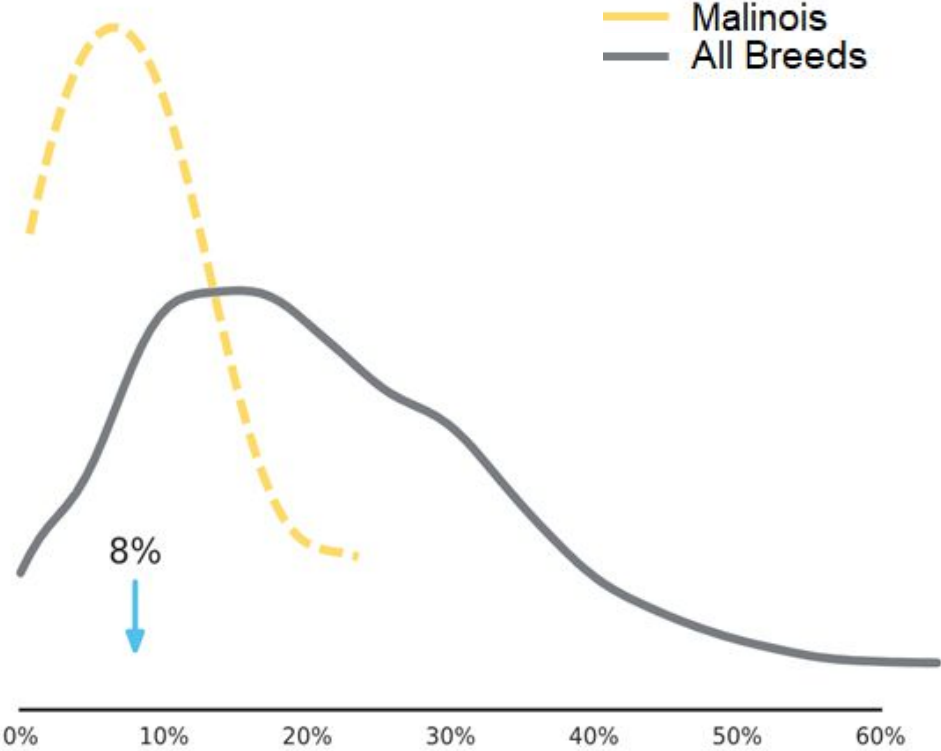
Not all disease mutations are created equal.

- **The clinical relevance of some disease-associated mutations depends heavily on breed**
 - Degenerative myelopathy (SOD1A)
 - Dilated cardiomyopathy (DCM1)
- **Others have only been characterized in some breeds**
 - Golden Retriever PRA 1 (TTC8)
 - Canine Multifocal Retinopathy 3 (cmr3)
- **Others have been defined in a single population of dogs, but have not associated with disease in others**
 - German Shepherd Hip Dysplasia (Europe vs. United States)

Inbreeding | Pedigree vs. Genetic COI



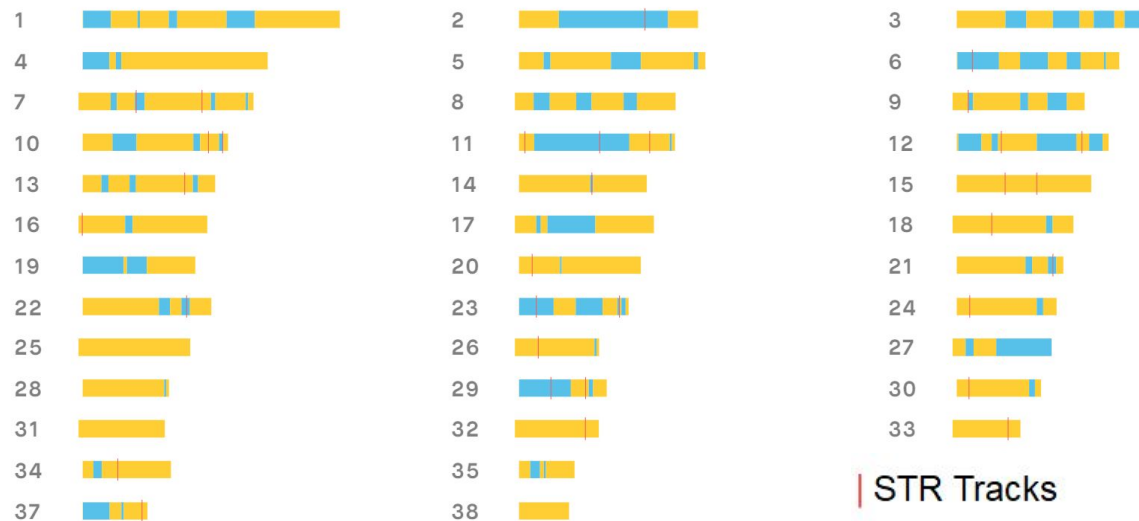
Inbreeding | Pedigree vs. Genetic COI

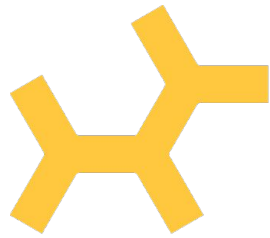


Inbreeding | Inbreeding By Chromosome

Inbreeding by Chromosome *BETA*

We analyzed the areas of inbreeding across your dog's genome. Below is a graphical representation of your dog's inbreeding, displayed chromosome by chromosome. Any inbred areas appear in blue, while outbred areas appear in yellow.



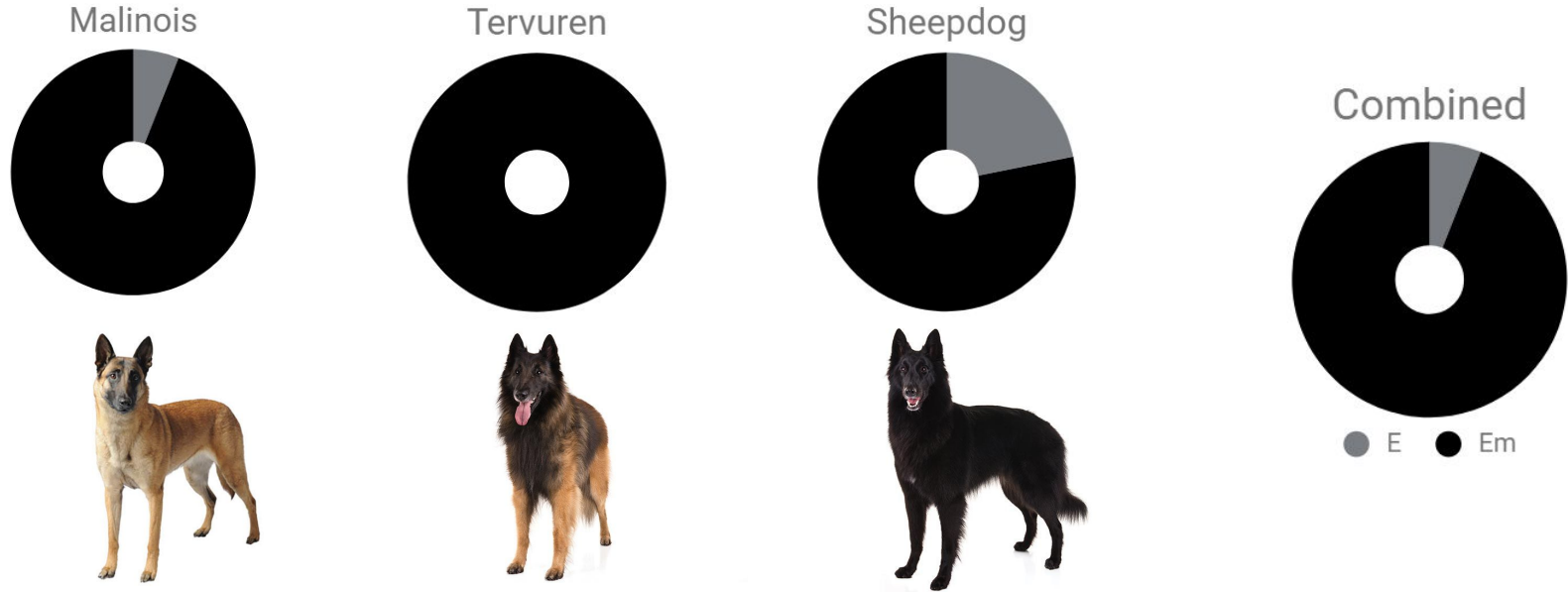


embark

Preliminary Belgian data

Preliminary Belgian Data | Health and Trait Frequency

E Locus



Preliminary Belgian Data | Health and Trait Frequency

K Locus

Malinois



Tervuren



Sheepdog



Combined

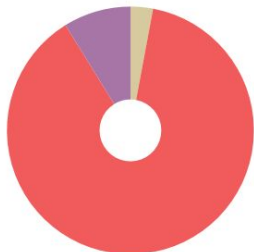


● Ky ● KB

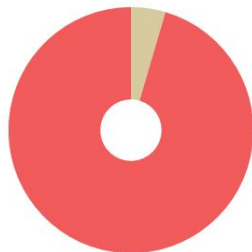
Preliminary Belgian Data | Health and Trait Frequency

A Locus

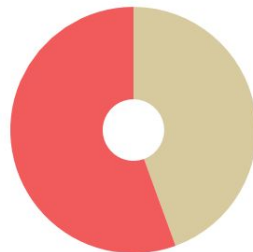
Malinois



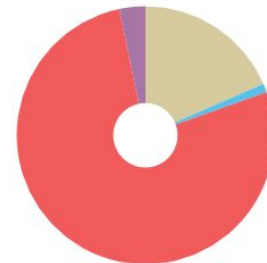
Tervuren



Sheepdog



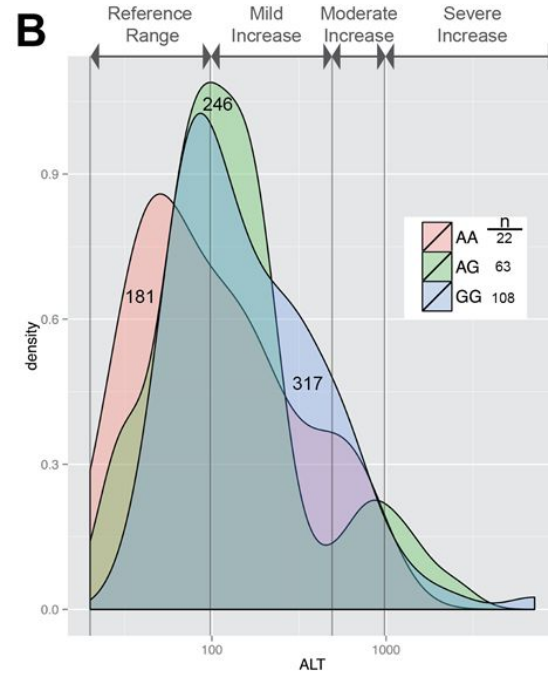
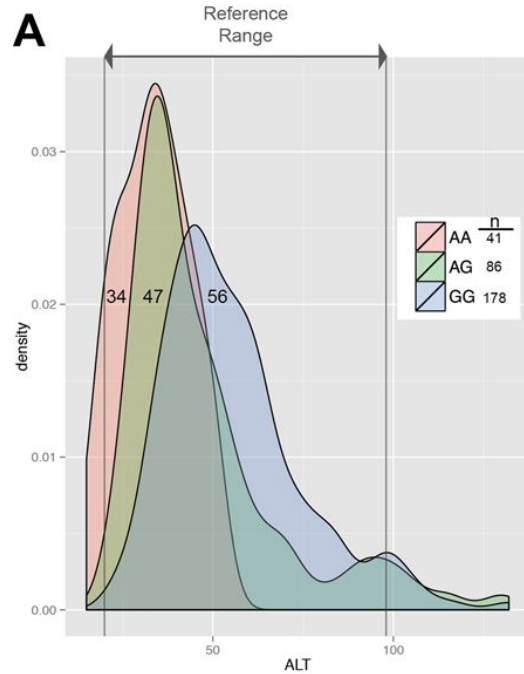
Combined



● a or at ● at ● Ay ● Aw

Preliminary Belgian Data | Health and Trait Frequency

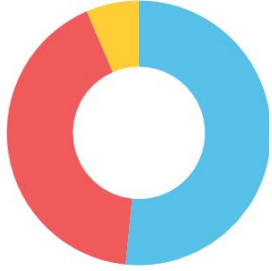
Alamine Aminotransferase



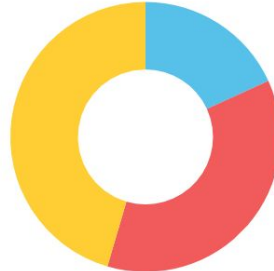
Preliminary Belgian Data | Health and Trait Frequency

Alamine Aminotransferase

Malinois



Tervuren

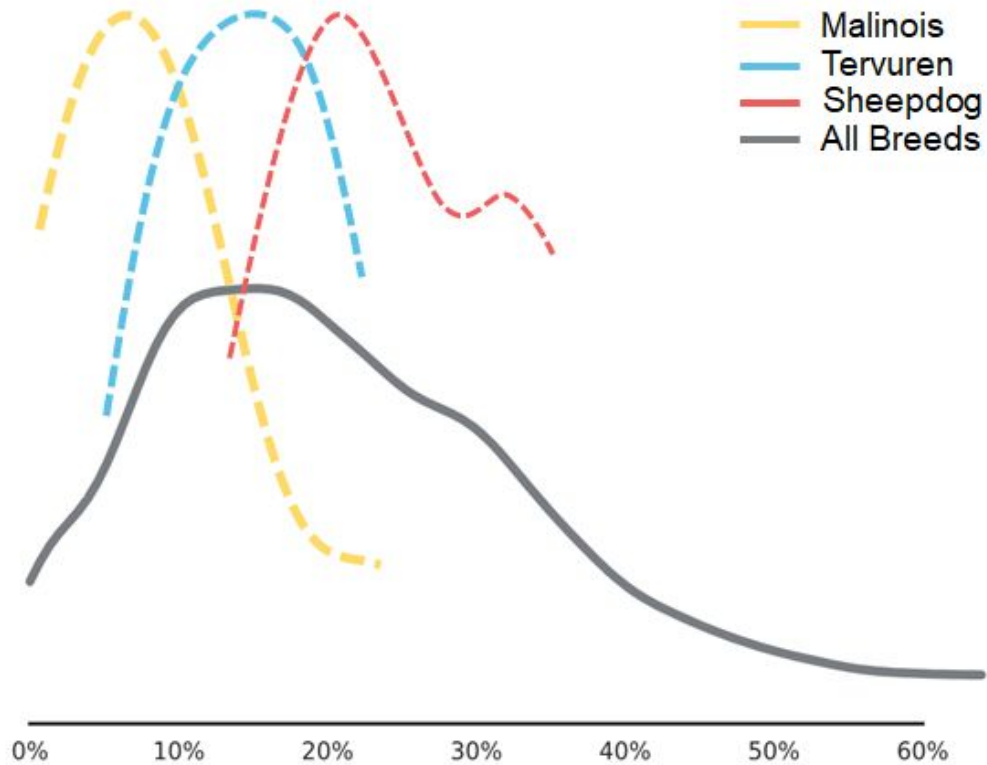


Sheepdog

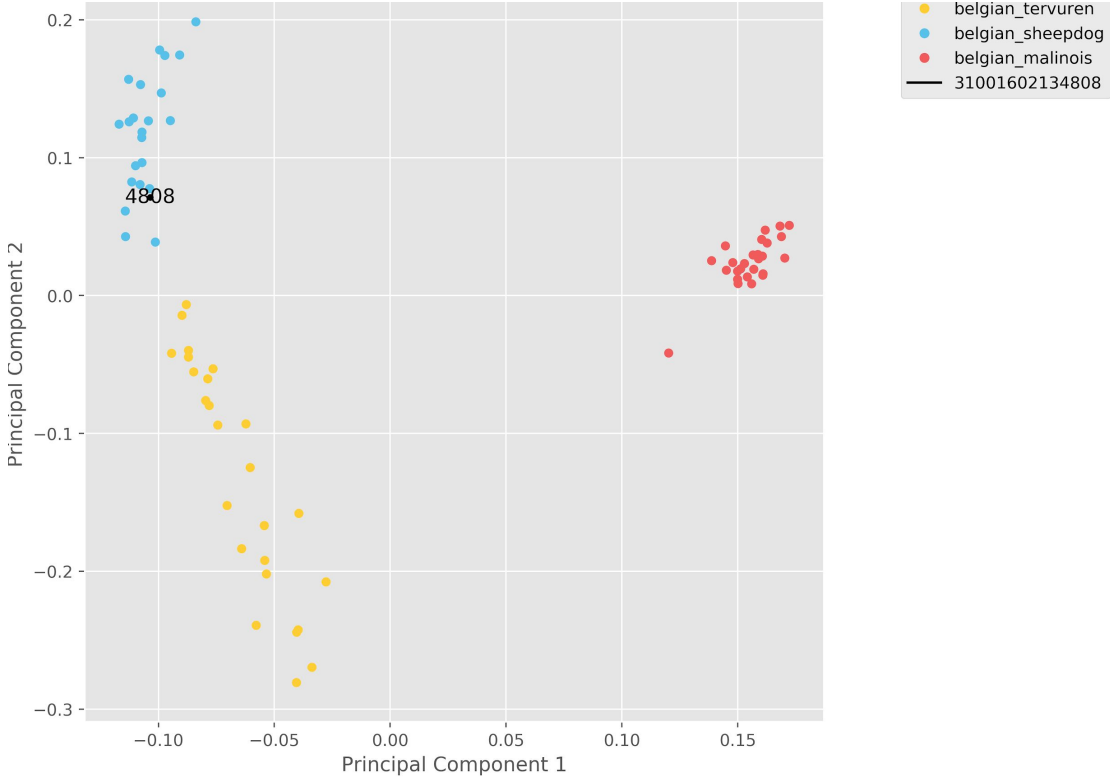


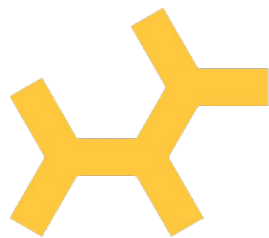
- WNL
- Low Normal (Heterozygous)
- Low Normal (Homozygous)

Preliminary Belgian Data | Genetic COI



Preliminary Belgian Data | Principal Components Analysis





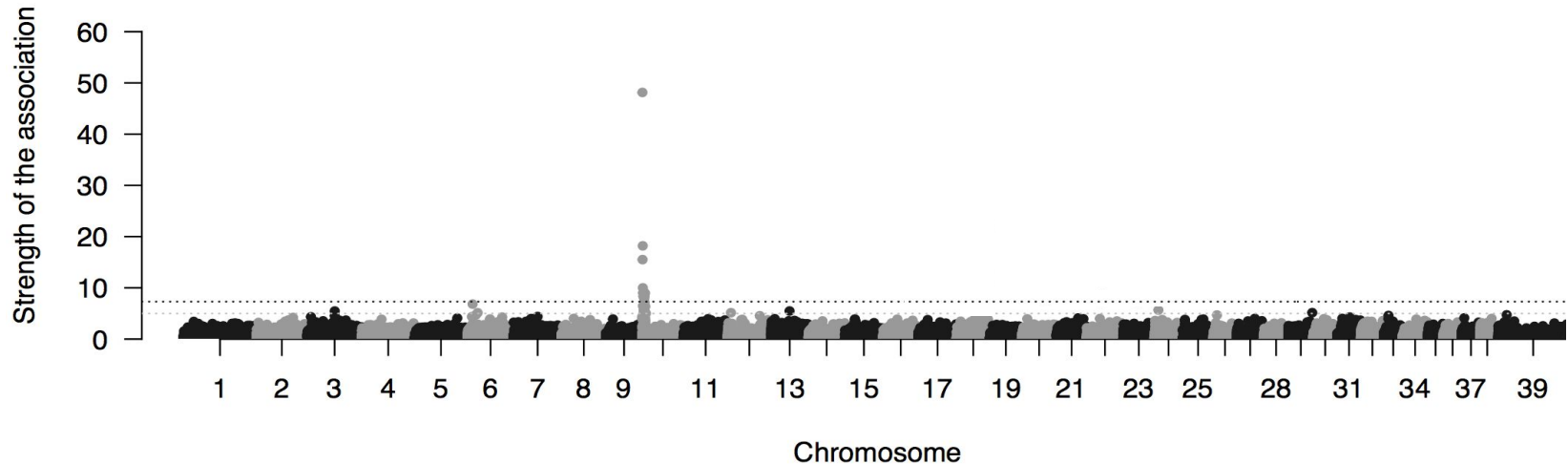
embark

Discovery

Embark Vet | Discovery

Genome-Wide Association Study (GWAS) ask:

For a focal **phenotype**,
how strongly associated are particular **genotypes**?



Embark Vet | Discovery

Genome-Wide Association Study (GWAS) ask:

For a focal **phenotype**,
how strongly associated are particular **genotypes**?

IN PROGRESS



DOGGIE PARTS

From head to toe

[OPEN SURVEY](#)

IN PROGRESS



MEDICAL

Medical history survey

[OPEN SURVEY](#)

IN PROGRESS



GENERAL BEHAVIORS

Unlock the mysteries of dog behavior

[OPEN SURVEY](#)

Embark Vet | Discovery

Eye color

This question is about eye color. Some dogs have 'solid' eye color. Some dogs have mixed eye colors—this is known as heterochromia. Here are some examples:



Complete Heterochromia



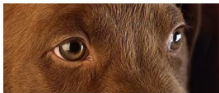
Sectoral Heterochromia



Blue



Amber



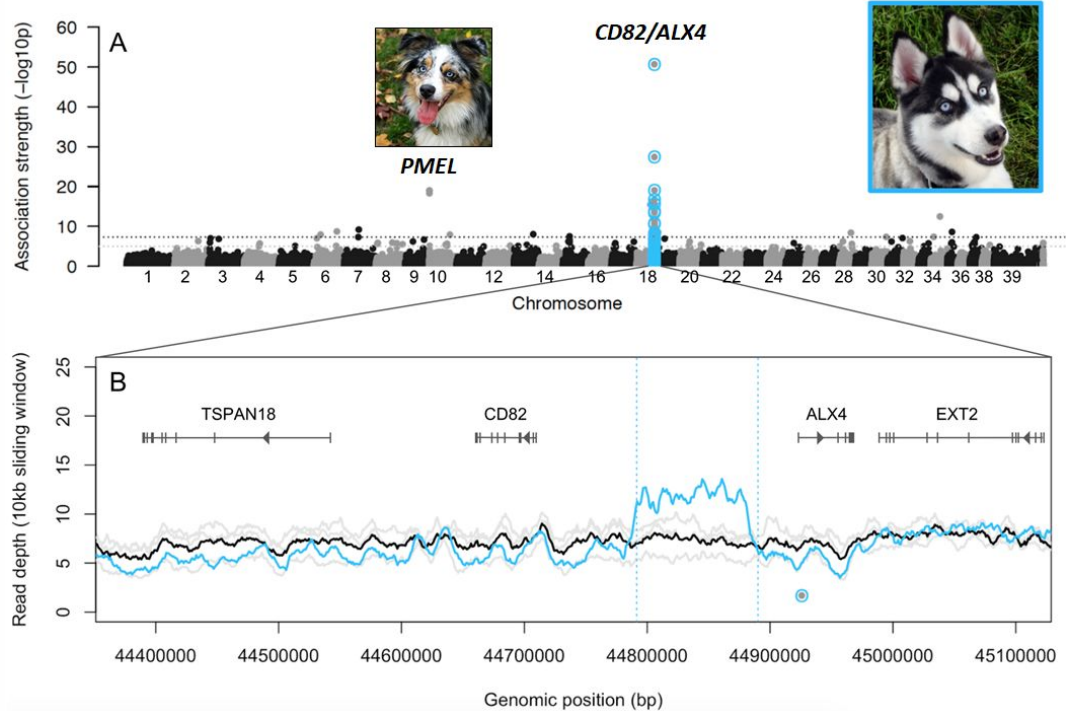
Light Brown

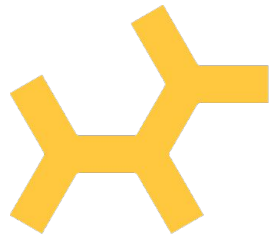


Brown



Dark Brown / Black





embark

Partnership Example: The
Doberman Diversity Project



Doberman Diversity Project | Paws up

DDP Growth



Doberman Diversity Project | Matchmaker Tool

BOONE

Change dog

SELECT

PLEASE NOTE: The Matchmaker is being released to Doberman breeders as a Preview for comments and feedback. During this Preview, features and data in the Matchmaker tool, **including the Col numbers, are subject to change at no notice.**

Previous 1 2 3 4 5 ... 17 Next

	Name	VWF	SOD1	PDK4	Other Health	Location	Average Litter Size	# Litters	Age	Expected Offspring COI %	Expected Offspring Colors
Edit	Boone	N/A	Clear	Clear		0 miles	n/a	n/a	2 yrs 0 mths		
View	Kleo					Unknown	n/a	n/a	1 yrs 1 mths (est.)	32	
View	Ziva	Carrier	Clear	Clear		Unknown	n/a	n/a	4 yrs 4 mths (est.)	35	Bb DD
View	ARIES	Clear	Clear	Clear		Unknown	n/a	n/a	1 yrs 9 mths (est.)	35	BB DD
View	Yulianna	Clear	Clear	Clear		Unknown	n/a	n/a	0 yrs 6 mths	32	BB / Bb DD

Doberman Diversity Project | Relatedness by chromosome



BREEDER TOOLS

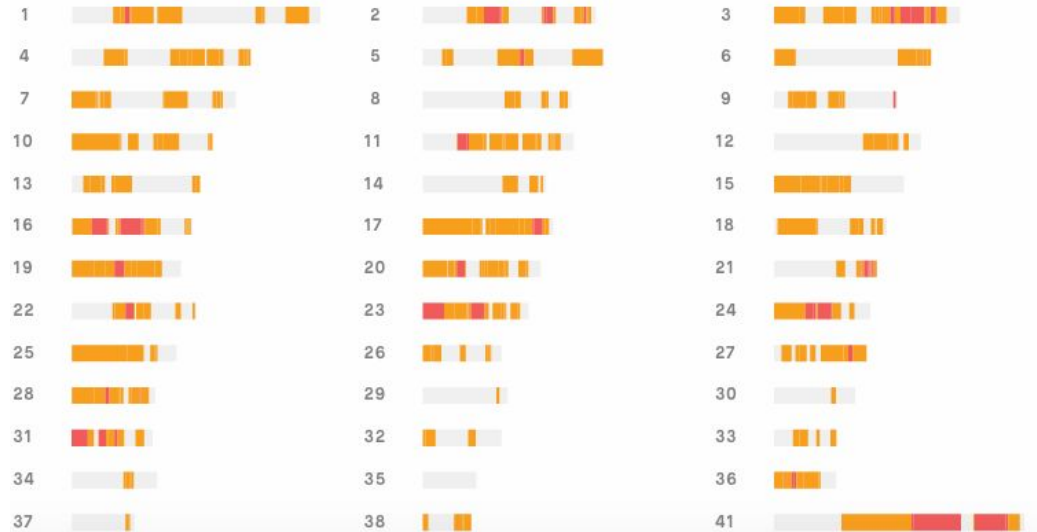
MATCHMAKER

DIVERSITY

Relatedness by Chromosome

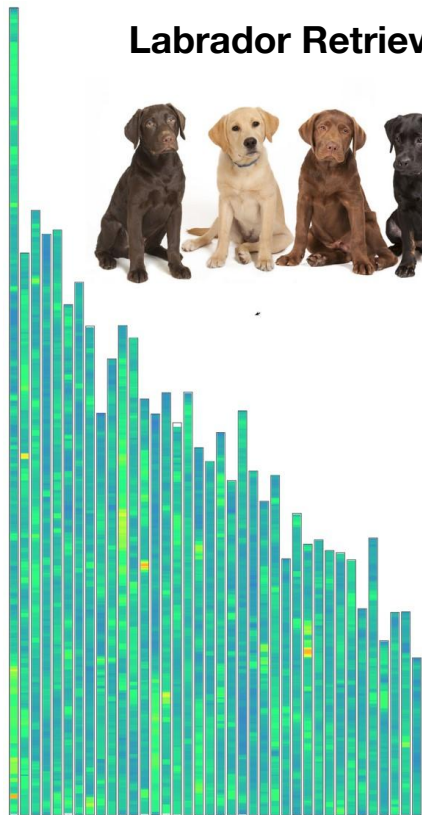
Orange: Areas where the dogs share one strand of DNA

Red: Areas where the dogs share both strands of DNA

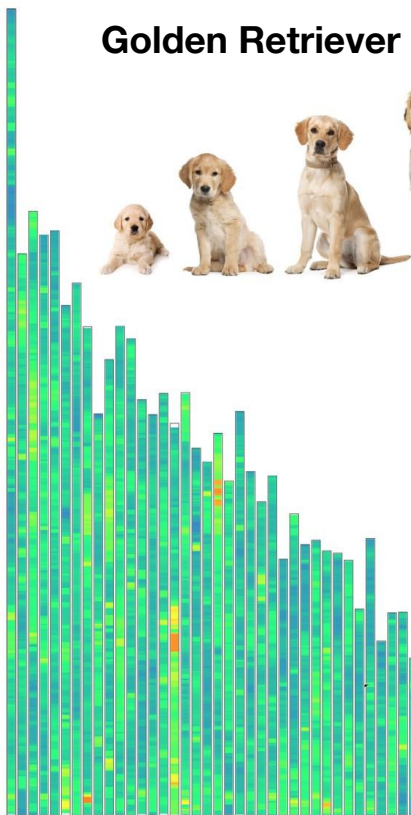


Doberman Diversity Project | Fixed runs of homozygosity

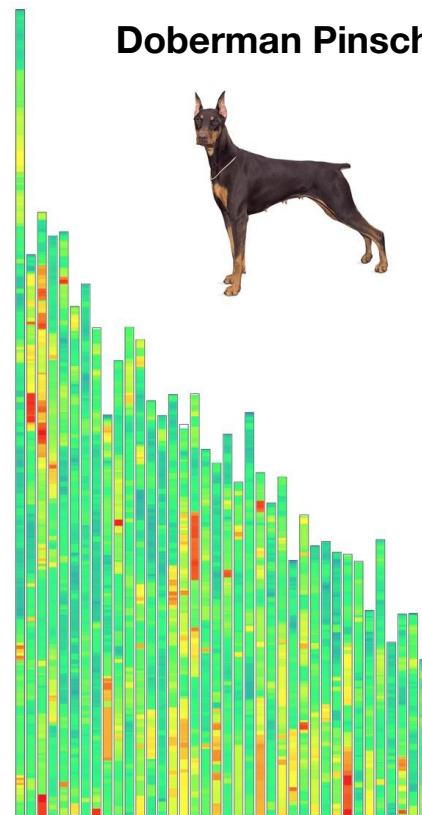
Labrador Retriever



Golden Retriever



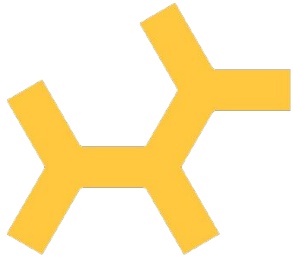
Doberman Pinscher



Embark Vet | Committed to collaboration



The Schipperke Club of America
Rescue & Health
Foundation, Inc.



Embark Vet | Committed to collaboration

What can we do at the breed club level?

- Reduced pricing (bulk)
- One on one tailoring to breed club needs
 - Breed-specific surveys and web pages
 - Quarterly reports on breed stats for health, traits, participation
 - Priority for breed-specific research endeavors
- Access to our breeder specialist team for questions or discussion
- Embark seminars, webinars, and Q&As

Genetic Results | Embark profile demo

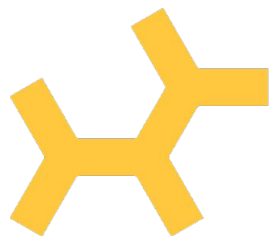


BREED MIX



100.0% Belgian Sheepdog





embark
for Belgians

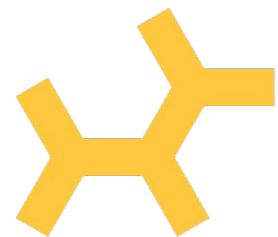
Celebration of Belgians

April 12th & 13th, 2018

Erin Chu, DVM, PhD | Senior Veterinary Geneticist
Embark Veterinary, Inc. | chue@embarkvet.com

embarkvet.com/breeders

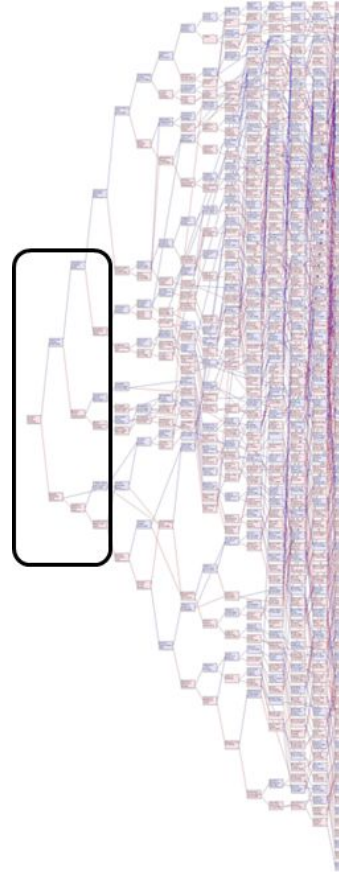
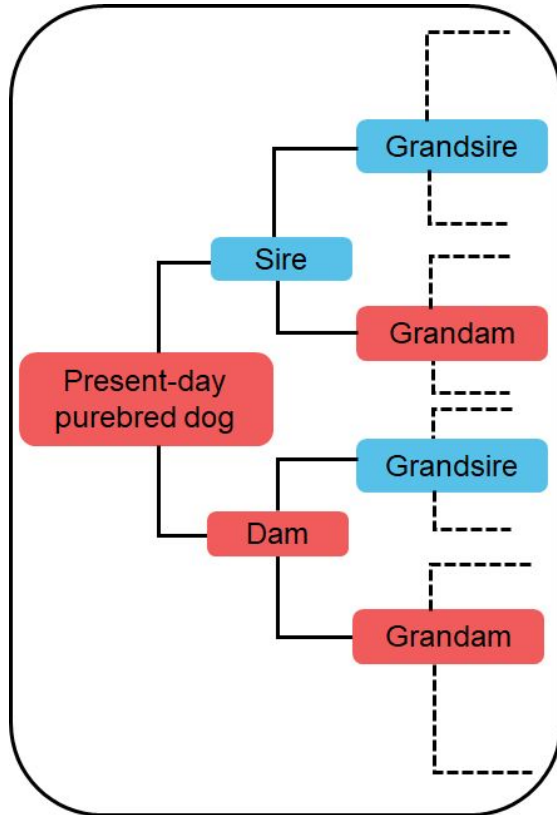
BELGIANSHOW for show pricing (through Sunday)



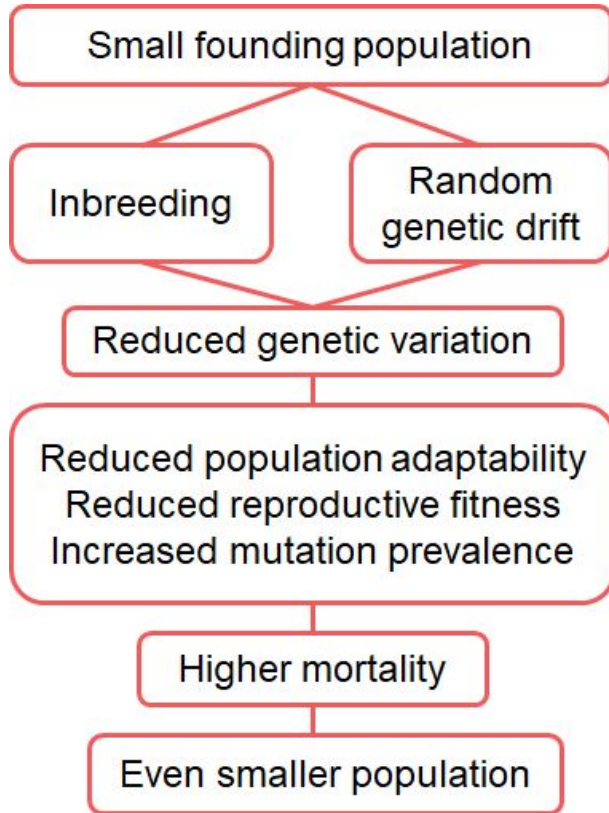
embark

Supplementary

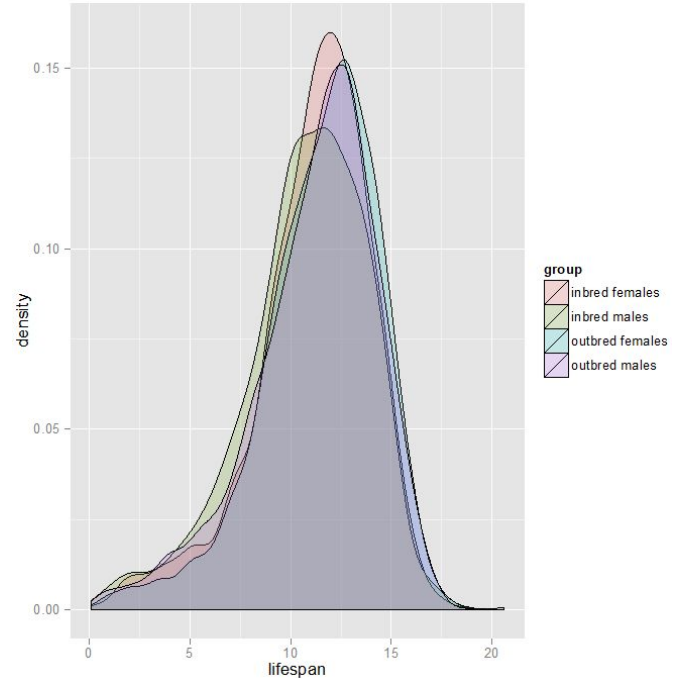
Inbreeding | A light discussion



Inbreeding | The Good, The Bad, and the Ugly

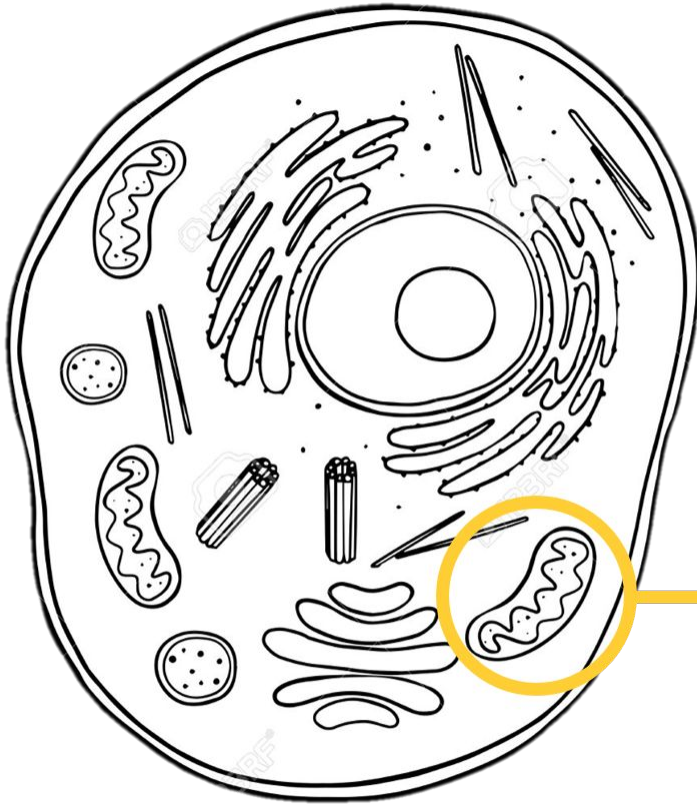


In Golden Retrievers, COI is **inversely correlated** to lifespan



Adam Boyko

chrY and mtDNA | Paternal and maternal lineages



Mitochondria possess their own small genomes, termed **mtDNA**, and are passed from dam to offspring. Males do not transmit mtDNA.



chrY and mtDNA | Paternal and maternal lineages



female



male

The Y chromosome is required to send embryos along the “male” program. Males transmit the Y chromosome to male offspring only.

